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## THE GENUS CHELIDONURA AND A NEW SPECIES, C. TSURUGENSIS, FROM JAPAN<sup>1)</sup>

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### With 2 Text-figures

The following is a list of the species of the genus *Chelidonura* known from the Japanese waters.

1. Chelidonura hirundinina (Quoy & Gaimard, 1832). Nishiki-tsubamegai.

Loc.: Hayama and Misaki, Sagami Bay; Kii; Okawa, Osaka Bay; Sado I.; Usetsu and Ogi, Toyama Bay; Togi Kazanashi, w. coast of Noto Peninsula; Myojinzaki Mizushima, Tsuruga Bay; Takarajima, Tokara group.

Dist.: Indian Ocean; Australia; N. Caledonia; Bonin Is.

2. Chelidonura fulvipunctata BABA, 1938. Akaboshi-tsubamegai.

Loc.: Shimoda; Kii.

3. Chelidonura inornata BABA, 1949. Ohaguro-tsubamegai.

Loc.: Hayama, Sagami Bay.

Dist.: Bonin Is.

The following is here added to the above list.

### Chelidonura tsurugensis Baba & Abe, n. sp.

Myojin-tsubamegai (n. n.)

(Figs. 1-2)

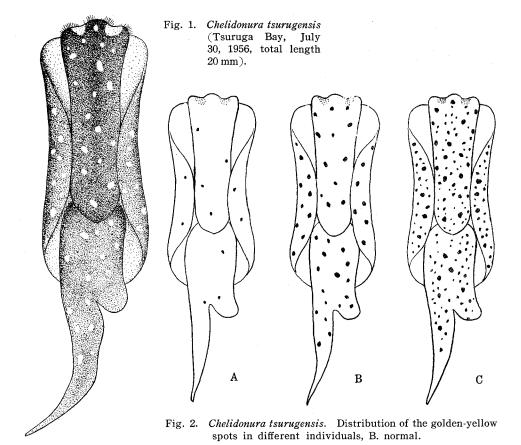
Animals 15-20 mm in total length. Mantle-shield bifurcated behind, the left lobe long and tapering, the right one in all specimens shorter and rounded. General body-colour a glossy purplish black. The whole upper surface except the sole is covered with a varying number of yellow or golden-yellow spots, very irregular in size and in arrangement. An opaque white marking at the anterior edge of the head-shield on each side. Parapodial lobes without a coloured border.

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<sup>1)</sup> Contributions from the Seto Marine Biological Laboratory, No. 326.

Loc.: Myojinzaki Mizushima, Tsuruga Bay, under stones in the shallow water (July 1956, many sps.).

There are about twelve species and two varieties in the genus *Chelidonura* of the world (see Marcus, 1955, pp. 100-101). Our species comes nearest to *C. hirundinina* 



(Q. & G.), var. *punctata* Eliot from Zanzibar, but the latter form is especially marked by large, well-defined, orange spots rather regularly set on the body (see Eliot, 1903, p. 336, pl. 13, fig. 2). Also our species cannot be confounded with *C. fulvipunctata* Baba in the detail of colouring.

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